

# Welcome

## 2023 NEC® Update

Part 2 • Article 220.70 – 398.15(C)

www.electricalassociation.com



1

### DISCLAIMER


Through the presentation of this course and these materials, no representation actual or implied, is made that the trainer or the Electrical Association is setting or enforcing specific standards or is providing peer review, certification, accreditation, or product endorsement or testing. The Electrical Association has no proprietary interest in the materials or products used in this presentation. The opinion of the authority having jurisdiction takes precedence on all installations.

Adapted from the 2023 NEC® NFPA # 70

© 2023 Electrical Association

Will satisfy 4 hours of electrical code study for renewal of electrical licensing by the State of Minnesota.

The Electrical Association will provide your hours to the State of Minnesota upon completion of this course.



2

## General

### GUIDELINES

In the interest of time and focusing on major Code changes, not all modifications that occurred have been included in this presentation.

- 01** Informational Notes, text location changes, and minor text clarifications may have been intentionally omitted.
- 02** Actual Code articles in their entirety are required to maintain compliance.
- 03** The AHJ takes precedence over all matters of the NEC.

3


### Presentation Method

We'll compare the code changes between the 2020 NEC and the 2023 NEC side by side on each slide.

**01**  
2023 NEC article

**02**  
How the article changed

**03**  
Level of importance (10 is the highest)

NEC Article 240.4(B)	Type of Change Article Revision	Importance 4
<p><b>2020 NEC</b></p> <p><b>Article 240</b> 240.4(B) Overcurrent Devices Rated 800 Amperes or Less</p> <p>(1), (2), (3) It was not permissible to use an adjustable trip device on an OCP to set the trip level of the device to up to 800 amperes.</p> 	<p><b>2023 NEC</b></p> <p><b>Article 240</b> 240.4(B) Overcurrent Devices Rated 800 Amperes or Less</p> <p>Language added to 240.4(B) now allows using an adjustable trip device setting to set the device trip value that does not exceed the next higher standard value above the ampacity of the conductor. Restrictive access is required as per 240.6(C). This change promotes flexibility in selection of an OCP device especially when determining protection for parallel conductors.</p>	

**04**  
Paraphrased text


**05**  
Brief explanation

4

## General

# FORMATTING

Changes in the code book are formatted in the four following ways:



- 01 **N** New material is marked in the margin (rather than a vertical line in the margin)
- 02 • Where one or more paragraphs have been deleted
- 03  $\Delta$  Where written content has been changed or deleted
- 04 **text** Where the text has been revised

5

## Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to do the following:

- 01 Use the modified calculation criteria for healthcare facilities portion of receptacle loads to which a demand factor applies.
- 02 Select surge protective devices for newly added areas of dormitories, guest rooms of hotels and motels, and areas of nursing homes and limited care facilities.
- 03 Plan work a based on changes to emergency disconnects required on the outside of dwelling units.
- 04 Locate new rules for branch circuit, feeders, and service rated over 1000 volts in the 2023 NEC

---

6

## Learning Outcomes

- 05 Correctly adjust settings for overcurrent devices to the next higher setting based on ampacities of conductors.
- 06 Stating when overcurrent protective devices are required to be listed.
- 07 Explain the NEC rule on temporary current not being considered objectional currents.
- 08 Install primary and secondary conductors into a dry type transformer and not reduce air flow of ventilation openings.

---

7

## Learning Outcomes

- 09 Correctly ground a replacement snap switch.
- 10 Select code compliant screws when installing covers on enclosures containing energized conductors.
- 11 Calculate wire fill when an enclosure contains a terminal block.
- 12 Correctly position expansion fittings on PVC conduits that emerge from the earth.

---

8

## Learning Outcomes

**13** Identify changes that were made in the NEC regarding new trade sizes allowed for EMT and type IMC conduit.

**14** Adjust wiring practices for revised conductor size in type MC cable.

---

04

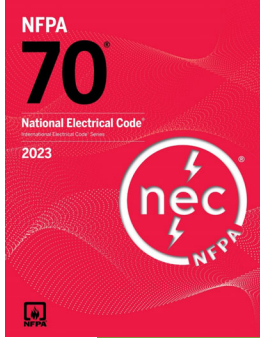
9

## Let's Get Started

# Article 220

### Branch-Circuit, Feeder, and Service Load Calculations

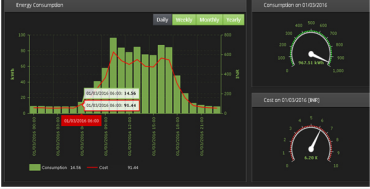
Code Updates



05

10

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
220.70	New Article	Minor

2020 NEC	2023 NEC
<p><b>220.70 Energy Management System Loads</b></p> 	<p><b>220.70 Energy Management System Loads</b></p> <p>If an energy management system (EMS) is used to limit the current to a feeder or service IAW 750.30, a <b>single value equal to the maximum ampere setpoint of the EMS</b> is to be used in load calculations for the feeder or service.</p> <p>The setpoint value of the EMS must be considered a continuous load for the purposes of load calculations.</p> <p>Although the installation and operation of energy management systems is addressed in Article 750, the calculation for services and feeders is addressed here.</p>

06


11

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
220.110	New Article	Major

2020 NEC	2023 NEC								
<p><b>Table 220.110 Demand Factors for Receptacles Supplied by General-Purpose Branch Circuits in Category 1 and Category 2 Patient Care Space</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Portion of Receptacle Load to Which Demand Factor Applies (V/A)</th> <th>Demand Factor (%)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>First 5000 or less</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>From 5001 to 10,000</td> <td>50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Remainder over 10,000</td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Portion of Receptacle Load to Which Demand Factor Applies (V/A)	Demand Factor (%)	First 5000 or less	100	From 5001 to 10,000	50	Remainder over 10,000	25	<p><b>Part IV: Health Care Facilities</b></p> <p><b>220.110 Receptacle Loads</b></p> <p>Receptacle loads calculated IAW 220.14(H) &amp; (I) and supplied by branch circuits not exceeding 150 V to ground can be subjected to the demand factors provided in Tables 220.110(1) &amp; (2) for health care facilities.</p> <p><i>IN No. 1:</i> See Article 100 for the definitions of patient care space categories.</p> <p><i>IN No. 2:</i> See 220.14(I) for the calculation of receptacle outlet loads</p> <p>See New Tables 220.110(1) &amp; 220.110(2)  <b>Category 1&amp;2 Category 3&amp;4</b></p>
Portion of Receptacle Load to Which Demand Factor Applies (V/A)	Demand Factor (%)								
First 5000 or less	100								
From 5001 to 10,000	50								
Remainder over 10,000	25								

07

12

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
220.120	New	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
 <p>Relocation into Article 220 for load calculation and demand factors for receptacles for these facilities makes it easier to determine certain calculation criteria.</p>	<p><b>Part VII: Marinas, Boatyards, Floating Buildings, Commercial &amp; Noncommercial Docking Facilities</b></p> <p><b>220.120 Receptacle Loads</b></p> <p>General lighting and other loads in marinas, boatyards, floating buildings, and commercial and noncommercial docking facilities must be calculated IAW Part III of this article and, the demand factors in Table 220.120 are for each service or feeder circuit supplying receptacles that provide shore power for boats.</p>	08

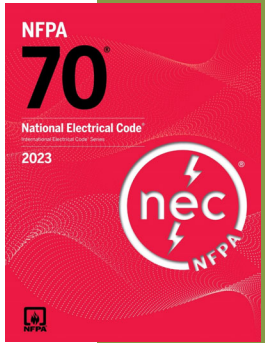
13

## Moving on

# Article 225


### Outside Branch Circuits and Feeders

Code Updates




09


14

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
225.41	New Section	Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
	<p><b>Article 225</b></p> <p><b>225.41 Emergency Disconnects</b></p> <p>For 1- and 2-family dwellings supplied by feeders or branch circuits, a disconnect must be installed:</p> <p>(A)(1) <b>Location</b> Outdoors, readily accessible, within sight of home</p> <p>(A)(2) <b>Rating*</b> SCCR greater than available fault current</p> <p>(A)(3) <b>Grouping</b> If more than 1 disconnect they must be grouped</p> <p>(B) <b>Identification</b> Where equipment for isolation of other energy source systems is not located adjacent to the emergency disconnect as required a plaque identifying the location of all emergency disconnects must be installed.</p> <p>(C) <b>Marking</b> The disconnection means must be marked as <b>EMERGENCY DISCONNECT</b></p>	10


15

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
225.41	New Section	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
	<p><b>Article 225</b></p> <p><b>225.41 Emergency Disconnects</b></p> <p>* (A)(2) <b>Rating</b></p> <p><b>Additional Important Information:</b></p> <p>The A.I.C. Ampere Interrupting Capacity refers to an OCPD - how much current it can safely interrupt (doing its job) without failing.</p> <p>The S.C.C.R. refers to the Short Circuit Current Rating, which is measurement of the short circuit current a device can tolerate without being damaged when a fault occurs on equipment associated with it.</p>	11

16

NEC Article: 225.42	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 225</b> <b>225.42 Surge Protection</b></p> <p>Not present</p> <p>Type 1</p> 	<p><b>Article 225</b> <b>225.42 Surge Protection</b></p> <p><b>(A) Surge-Protective Device</b></p> <p><b>Feeders</b> supplying the following require a surge-protective device (SPD) must be installed:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Feeders for dwelling units</li> <li>(2) Dormitory units</li> <li>(3) Guest rooms and guest suites of hotels and motels</li> <li>(4) Areas of nursing homes and limited-care facilities used as patient sleeping rooms</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: right;">&gt;&gt;</p>	

17

NEC Article: 225.42	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p>Type 1</p> 		<p><b>Article 225</b> <b>225.42 Surge Protection</b></p> <p><b>(B) Location</b> SPD must be installed in or adjacent to the distribution equipment that is connected to the load side of the <b>feeder</b></p> <p><b>(C) Type</b> THE SPD must be a Type 1 or Type 2</p> <p><b>(D) Replacement</b> When distribution equipment is replaced a elements of this sections apply</p> <p><b>(E) Ratings</b> Normal discharge rating of &lt;10kA</p>

18

NEC Article: 225.50	Type of Change: Deleted Articles	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 225, Part III (Over 1000 V)</b></p> <p>225.50 Sizing of Conductors</p> <p>225.51 Isolating Switches</p> <p>225.52 Disconnecting Means</p> <p>225.56 Inspections and Tests</p> <p>225.60 Clearances over Roadways, Walkways, Rail, Water, and Open Land</p> <p>225.61 Clearances over Buildings and Other Structures</p>	<p><b>Article 225, Part III (Over 1000 V)</b></p> <p>225.50 – 225.61 were deleted</p> <p><b>Global Change:</b></p> <p>Requirements were relocated for outside branch circuits and feeders, and services over 1000 Vac or 1500 Vdc from Articles 215, <b>225</b>, and 230 into the new <b>Article 235: Branch Circuits Over 1000 Volts ac, 1500 Volts dc, Nominal</b></p>	

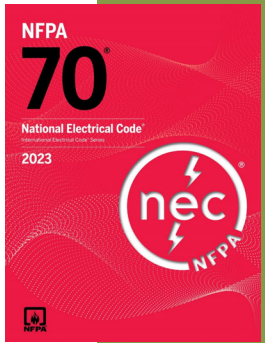
19

# Moving on


## Article 230

### Services


Code Updates



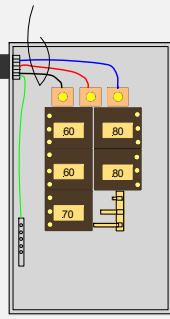
20

NEC Article: 230.43	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.43(21) Wiring Methods for 1000 Volts, Nominal or Less</b></p> <p>Not present</p> 	<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.43(21) Wiring Methods for 1000 Volts, Nominal or Less</b></p> <p>Service-entrance conductors must be installed IAW the applicable requirements of the NEC covering the type of wiring method used and must be limited to the following methods:</p> <p>Added: <b>(21) Flexible bus system</b></p> <p>Note: This wiring method was also listed as new in the Definitions</p>	
		16


21

NEC Article: 230.67(A)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.67(A) Surge-Protective Device</b></p> <p>All services supplying dwelling units must be provided with a surge-protective device (SPD).</p> 	<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.67(A) Surge-Protective Device</b></p> <p>Service-entrance conductors must be installed IAW services supplying these occupancies and must be provided with a surge-protective device (SPD):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Dwelling units</li> <li>(2) Dormitory units</li> <li>(3) Guest rooms and guest suites of hotels and motels</li> <li>(4) Parts of nursing homes and limited-care facilities used exclusively as patient sleeping rooms</li> </ol> <p>The article was modified to list the types of occupancies where surge protection was required at for services.</p>	
		17

22

NEC Article: 230.71(B)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.71(B) Two to Six Service Disconnecting Means</b></p> <p>Two to six service disconnecting means for a service can be or consist of a combination of separate enclosures for each main disconnect with no exceptions.</p> 	<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.71(B) Two to Six Service Disconnecting Means</b></p> <p>An exception was added that made it permissible to install an additional disconnect device into a cabinet with existing multiple service disconnects enclosure provided they were installed when previous editions of the code permitted this practice and the number of service disconnects does not exceed six in the enclosure.</p>	
		18

23

NEC Article: 230.85	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 230</b></p> <p><b>230.85 Emergency Disconnects</b></p> <p>For one- and two-family dwelling units, all service conductors must terminate in disconnecting means having a short-circuit current rating equal to or greater than the available fault current, installed in a readily accessible outdoor location. If more than one disconnect is provided, they must be grouped. Each disconnect must be one of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Service disconnects marked as follows: EMERGENCY DISCONNECT, SERVICE DISCONNECT</li> <li>(2) Meter disconnects installed per 230.82(3) and marked as follows: EMERGENCY DISCONNECT, METER DISCONNECT, NOT SERVICE EQUIPMENT</li> <li>(3) Other listed disconnect switches or circuit breakers on the supply side of each service disconnect that are suitable for use as service equipment and marked as follows: EMERGENCY DISCONNECT, NOT SERVICE EQUIPMENT</li> </ol> <p>Markings must comply with 110.21(B)</p>	 <p><b>Modifications to this Article &gt;&gt;</b></p>	
		19

24

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
230.85	Modified Article	Minor
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<b>Article 230</b>		
<b>230.85 Emergency Disconnects</b>		
For 1 & 2 family dwellings, an emergency disconnect must be installed:		
<b>(B) Disconnects:</b> Each disconnect is to be one of the following:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) A service disconnect;</li> <li>(2) A meter disconnect <a href="#">integral to the meter mounting</a> equipment not marked as suitable only for use as service equipment installed in accordance with 230.82;</li> <li>(3) Other listed disconnect switches or circuit breakers that are marked suitable for use as service equipment, but not marked as suitable only for use as service equipment, installed on the supply side of each service disconnect</li> </ul>		
		>>
20		

25

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
230.85	Modified Article	Minor
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<b>Article 230</b>		
<b>230.85 Emergency Disconnects</b>		
<b>(C) Replacement</b> Where service equipment is replaced, all of the requirements of this section must apply		
<b>(D) Identification of Other Isolation Disconnects</b> Where equipment for isolation of other energy source systems is not located adjacent to the emergency disconnect required by this section, a plaque identifying the location for isolation of other energy sources is required.		
<p><i>NOTE: this change provided a clearer set of requirements for emergency disconnects by verbalizing rather than displaying the requirements of labeling.</i></p>		
21		

26

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
230.200	Modified Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<b>Article 230, Part VIII (Services exceeding 1000V, Nominal)</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>230.200 General</li> <li>230.202 Service-Entrance Conductors</li> <li>230.204 Isolating Switches</li> <li>230.205 Disconnecting Means</li> <li>230.206 OCD as Disconnecting Means</li> <li>230.208 Protection Requirements</li> <li>230.209 Surge Arresters</li> <li>230.210 Service Equipment—General</li> <li>230.211 Switchgear</li> <li>230.212 Over 35,000 V</li> </ul>	<p><b>Article 230, Part VIII (Services exceeding 1000V, Nominal)</b></p> <p><b>230.200 – 230.212 DELETED</b></p> <p>This action <b>combines</b> all the requirements for feeders, outside branch circuits and feeders, and services over 1000 Vac or 1500 Vdc into the new <b>Article 235</b>.</p>	
		22


27

## Moving on

# Article 235

Branch Circuits over 1000 V ac,  
1500 V dc, Nominal

Code Updates



23

28

NEC Article: 235.1 – 235.412		Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Major
2020 NEC	2023 NEC		
<b>Article 235</b>	<b>Article 235</b>		
<b>Parts I - V</b>	<b>Part I General</b> 235.1 <b>Part II Branch Circuits</b> 235.3 – 235.63 <b>Part III Feeders</b> 235.201 – 235.212 <b>Part IV Outside Branch Circuits, Feeders</b> 235.301 – 235.361 <b>Part V Services</b> 235.401 – 235.412		
Not present	Numerous articles from the Code relating to over 1000 volts were brought into this new article and logically organized in Part titles.		

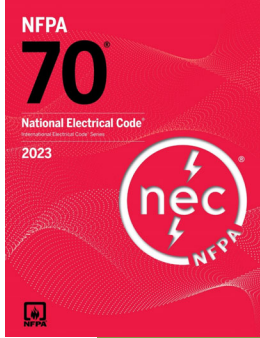
29

# Moving on


## Article 240

### Overcurrent Protection


Code Updates




30

NEC Article: 240.2		Type of Change: Revised Article	Importance: Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC		
<b>Article 240</b>	<b>Article 240</b>		
<b>240.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b> 	<b>240.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b> <b>(A) Reconditioning is not permitted</b> (1) Equipment providing ground fault protection (2) GFCI's (3) LV Fuseholders (4) Molded Case circuit Breakers (5) LV Power Circuit breaker electronic trip units  <b>(B) Reconditioning is permitted</b> (1) LV Power Circuit breakers (2) Electromechanical protective relays and current transformers These are not new, but all moved here based of the requirements of the Style Manual.		

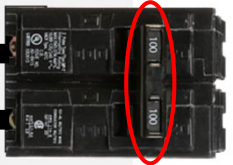
31

NEC Article: 240.4(B)		Type of Change: Article Revision	Importance: Major
2020 NEC	2023 NEC		
<b>Article 240</b>	<b>Article 240</b>		
<b>240.4(B) Overcurrent Devices Rated 800 Amperes or Less</b> The next higher standard overcurrent device rating (above the ampacity of the conductors being protected) shall be permitted to be used, provided all of the following conditions are met: (2) The ampacity of the conductors does not correspond with the standard ampere rating of a fuse or a circuit breaker without overload trip adjustments above its rating	<b>240.4(B) Overcurrent Devices Rated 800 Amperes or Less</b>  Language added to 240.4(B) now allows using an adjustable trip device setting to set the device to a value that does not exceed the next higher standard value above the ampacity of the conductor. Restricted access is required as per 240.6(C).  This change promotes flexibility in selection of an OCP device especially when determining protection for parallel conductors.		
			

32

NEC Article: 240.4(D)(3)	Type of Change: Article Revision	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240.4</b></p> <p>(D) Small Conductors (3) 14 AWG</p> <p>15 amps</p> 	<p><b>Article 240.4</b></p> <p>(D) Small Conductors (3) 14 AWG, <u>Copper-Clad Aluminum</u></p> <p><b>14 AWG assigned ratings based on this criteria</b></p> <p><b>10 amps</b> based on these conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) The continuous load does not go over 6 amps</li> <li>(2) OCP is accomplished by one of these:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <u>CB rated for 14 AWG copper-clad alum</u></li> <li>(b) Fuse is rated for 14 AWG copper-clad alum (verbatim from the NEC)</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>This change provide guidance for OCP when using copper-clad 14 AWG conductors.</p>	
	28	

33

NEC Article: 240.4(H)	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p>240.4(H) Dwelling Unit Service &amp; Feeder Conductors</p> <p>Not present</p> <p>600V 4 THHN CU 90°</p> <p>600V 4 THHN CU 90°</p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.4(H) Dwelling Unit Service &amp; Feeder Conductors</b></p> <p>Dwelling unit service and feeder conductors can be sized in accordance with <b>Table 310.12(A)</b>.</p> <p>This requirement is in the overcurrent protection <b>Article 240</b>, which sets the standard for OCP of conductors.</p> <p>The statement correlates the permission granted in 310.12(A).</p>	
	29	

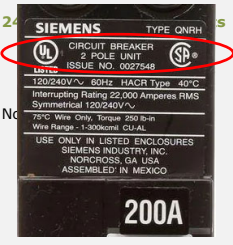
34

NEC Article: 240.6(A)	Type of Change: Article Revision	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.6(A) Standard Ampere Ratings for Fuses and Inverse Time Circuit Breakers</b></p> <p>Standard values are from 15 A to 6000 A</p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.6(A) Standard Ampere Ratings for Fuses and Inverse Time Circuit Breakers</b></p> <p>A change in standard values now has a <b>10 A</b> fuse or breaker as the smallest standard ampere in Table 240.6(A).</p> <p>This change was influenced by the adoption of smaller branch circuits permitted for dwelling unit identified in Article <u>210.23(A)</u></p> <p>10 Amp was "an <u>additional standard fuse rating</u> in the 2020 NEC. Now it is <u>not</u> listed as "additional standard ampere for fuses" but a standard.</p>	
	30	

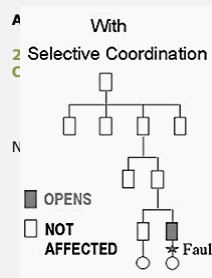
35

NEC Article: 240.6(D)	Type of Change: Article <b>New</b> Sub-section	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.6(D) Remotely Accessible Adjustable-Trip Circuit Breakers</b></p> <p>This change calls out <b>cybersecurity</b> measures for breakers that may be adjusted remotely to prevent their adjustment from being compromised.</p>	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.6(D) Remotely Accessible Adjustable-Trip Circuit Breakers</b></p> <p>Remote access for adjustment can be done by one of these ways:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Connected directly through a local non-networked port.</li> <li>(2) Connected through a networked interface that complies with 1 of the following processes:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The breaker and software are identified as being evaluated for cybersecurity.</li> <li>(b) A cybersecurity assessment of the network is completed. Documentation of the assessment and certification must be available to those authorized to inspect, operate, and maintain the system.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
	31	


36

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
240.7	New Section	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.7 Listing Requirements</b></p> <p>These overcurrent protective devices are required to be listed:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Branch-circuit overcurrent protective devices</li> <li>(2) Relays and breakers providing GFPE function</li> <li>(3) GFCI devices</li> </ol> <p>Requiring branch-circuit overcurrent protective devices in the NEC to be listed provides a basis for the AHJ to approve the overcurrent protective devices.</p>	
		32


37

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
240.11	New Section	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.11 Selective Coordination</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.11 Selective Coordination</b></p> <p>If one or more feeder overcurrent protective devices are required to be selectively coordinated with a service overcurrent protective device by other requirements of the NEC, all feeder OCPD's supplied directly by the service overcurrent protective device must be selectively coordinated with the service OCPD.</p> <p><i>This change ensures that the service overcurrent protective device is less likely to open due to an overcurrent condition on a feeder that is not currently required to be selectively coordinated with the service overcurrent protective device.</i></p>	
		33


38

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
240.16	New Section	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.16 Interrupting Ratings</b></p> <p>Branch-circuit overcurrent protective devices must have an interrupting rating <b>at least</b> 5000 amperes.</p> <p>This requirement was relocated from the <u>definition</u> for Overcurrent Protective Device, Branch-Circuit.</p> <p><b>Not a change, but Article 240.83(C) requires that a breaker have 5000 AIC unless otherwise marked.</b></p> <p><b>Also Article 240.60(C)(3) requires a fuse with other than a 10,000 AIC be otherwise marked.</b></p>	
		34

39

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
240.24(A) Exception	Exception Modified	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.24(A) Location in or on Premises Accessibility Exception</b></p> <p>Exception:</p> <p>When opening an industrial control panel or similar enclosure, the use of a tool is acceptable to access breakers or switches that contain fuses.</p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.24(A) Location in or on Premises Accessibility Exception</b></p> <p>Language was added to the exception that allowed enclosures in hazardous locations, and those used to protect components from corrosive atmospheres were <b>judged as to their accessibility</b> of the OCP device within <b>when the cover was opened</b> and also complied with the requirements of 240.24(A).</p> <p><i>This modification clarifies the criteria for judging accessibility of OCP devices in enclosures.</i></p>	
		35

40

NEC Article: 240.24(E) Exception	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.24(E) Location in or on Premises Not Located in Bathrooms</b></p> <p>In homes, dorms, guest suites or guest rooms overcurrent protective devices (other than supplementary OCPDs) were not permitted to be installed in bathrooms.</p> 	<p><b>Article 240</b></p> <p><b>240.24(E) Location in or on Premises Not Located in Bathrooms</b></p> <p>A change was made that now prohibits OCPD's, other than supplemental type, to be installed in any bathroom, <b>shower, or locker room facility.</b></p> <p>The change was made because "there was no practical reason to continue to permit this installation practice". <b>Shower or locker room</b> was added.</p>	
		36

41

NEC Article: 240.100	Type of Change: Deleted Articles	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 240, Part IX. Overcurrent Protection over 1000 V, Nominal.</b></p> <p><b>240.100 Feeders and Branch Circuits</b> <b>240.101 Additional Requirements for Feeders</b></p>	<p><b>Article 240, Part IX. Overcurrent Protection over 1000 V, Nominal.</b></p> <p><b>Global Change:</b></p> <p>Relocated requirements for overcurrent protection over 1000 Vac or 1500 Vdc from Articles 240.100 - 240.101, were moved to the new <b>Article 235.</b></p> <p>"Branch Circuits, Feeders, and Services Over 1000 Volts ac, 1500 Volts dc, Nominal"</p>	
		37


42

# Moving on

## Article 242

### Overtoltage Protection

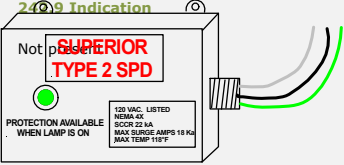
Code Updates



43

NEC Article: 242.2	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 242</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 242</b></p> <p><b>242.2 Overtoltage Protection</b></p> <p>SPDs and surge arrestors can not be reconditioned.</p> <p>New statement regarding reconditioning.</p>	
		38

44

NEC Article: 242.9	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 242</b></p> <p><b>242.9 Indication</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 242</b></p> <p><b>242.9 Indication</b></p> <p>All SPDs must provide a means of indicating they are functioning.</p> <p>A welcome change to users and installers!</p>	
		40

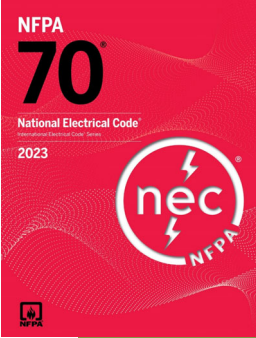
45

## Moving on!

# Article 245

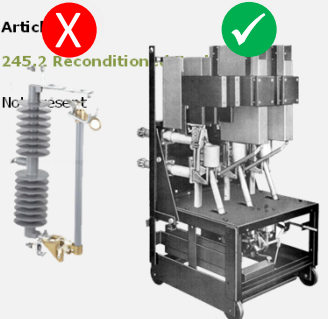
### Overcurrent Protection for Systems Rated over 1000 V ac, 1500 V dc

Code Updates




41

46

NEC Article: 245.2	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 245.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 245</b></p> <p><b>245.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> <p>(A) Medium- and high-voltage breakers may be reconditioned as well as EP relays and current transformer.</p> <p>(B) Medium-voltage nonrenewable fuses and fuseholders can not be reconditioned.</p>	
		42

47

NEC Article: 245.21	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
	<p><b>Article 245</b></p> <p><b>245.21 Circuit Interrupting Devices</b></p> <p>(A) Circuit Breakers            (B) Power Fuses &amp; Fuseholders            (C) Distribution Cutouts and Fuse Links — Expulsion Type            (D) Oil Filled Cutouts            (E) Load Interrupters</p> <p>See <b>Article 245</b> for specific information for circuit interrupting devices.</p>	
		43

48

NEC Article: 245.26	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
	<p><b>Article 245</b></p> <p><b>245.26 Feeders and Branch Circuits</b></p> <p>(A) Location and Type of Protection (B) Protective Devices (C) Conductor Protection</p> <p>See <a href="#">Article 245.26</a> for additional information on feeders and branch circuits for systems rated over 1000 Volts ac, 1500 Volts dc information for circuit interrupting devices.</p>	

49

NEC Article: 245.27	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 245</b></p> <p><b>245.27 Additional Requirements for Feeders</b></p> <p>Not present</p>	<p><b>Article 245</b></p> <p><b>245.27 Additional Requirements for Feeders</b></p> <p>(A) Rating or Setting of Overcurrent Protective Devices (B) Feeder Taps</p> <p>See <a href="#">Article 245.27</a> for additional information on requirements for feeders for systems rated over 1000 volts ac, 1500 volts dc</p>	

50

## Moving on

### Article 250


#### Grounding and Bonding

Code Updates

51

NEC Article: 250.3	Type of Change: Table Removed	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>Table 250.3 Application of Other Articles (Grounding)</b></p> <p>This was a table that provided the article or section for information relative to grounding and bonding equipment based on conductors or equipment.</p>	<p><b>removed</b></p>	

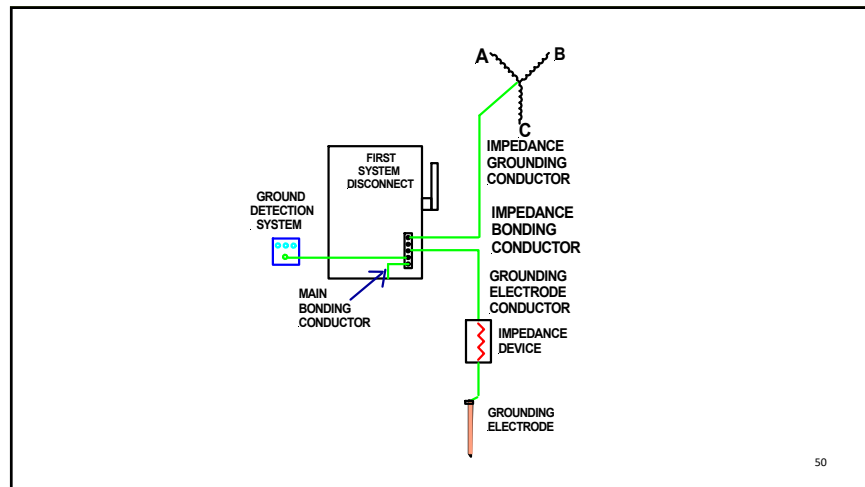
52

NEC Article: 250.6(C)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.6(C) Temporary Currents Not Classified as Objectionable Current</b></p> <p>Temporary currents that occur because of unusual electrical condition like ground faults, are not considered as objectionable current for the purposes identified in Article 250.6(A) and (B).</p> 	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.6(C) Temporary Currents Not Classified as Objectionable Current</b></p> <p>Currents resulting from <u>ground faults</u>, and from <u>required grounding and bonding connections</u> are not classified as objectionable for the purposes specified in 250.6(A) and (B).</p> <p>The text was modified to make it clear that currents resulting from required grounding and bonding connections are <b>not</b> abnormal.</p>	48

53

NEC Article: 250.36(E)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.36 High-Impedance Grounded Neutral Systems</b></p> <p><b>(E) Equipment Bonding Jumper</b></p> <p>The <b>equipment</b> bonding jumper must be an unspliced conductor run from the first system disconnecting means or OCPD to the grounded side of the grounding impedance.</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.36 High-Impedance Grounded Neutral Systems</b></p> <p><b>(E) Equipment Bonding Jumper</b></p> <p>The <b>impedance</b> bonding jumper must be an unspliced conductor run from the first system disconnecting means or overcurrent device to the grounded side of the grounding impedance.</p> <p>Wording was modified for clarity. &gt;&gt;</p>	49

54




55

NEC Article: 250.52(A)(3)(1)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.52(A)(3)(1) Concrete-Encased Electrode</b></p> <p>A concrete-encased electrode must consist of at least 20 ft of either (1) or (2):</p> <p>(1) 1 or more bare or zinc galvanized or other electrically conductive coated steel reinforcing bars or rods of not less than 1/2" in diameter, installed in one continuous 20' length, or if in multiple pieces connected together by the usual steel tie wires...</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.52(A)(3)(1) Concrete-Encased Electrode</b></p> <p>A concrete-encased electrode must consist of at least 20' of either of the following:</p> <p>(1) One or more bare or zinc galvanized or other electrically conductive coated steel rebar of not less than 1/2" in diameter, installed in one continuous 20' length, or if in multiple pieces, the rebar must be connected together by steel tie wires, exothermic welding, welding, or other effective means to create a 20' or greater length.</p> <p>Reworded for clarity ("rebar" "the usual")</p>	51


56

NEC Article: 250.64(G)	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.64(G) Enclosures with Ventilation Openings</b></p> <p>Grounding electrode conductors may not be installed through a ventilation opening of an enclosure.</p> <p><b>Committee Statement:</b> "Routing grounding electrode conductors through a ventilation opening of an enclosure can result in reduced air flow and overheating of the associated equipment."</p>	
	>>	52


57

NEC Article: 250.94(A)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(A) The Intersystem Bonding Termination Device</b></p> <p>An intersystem bonding termination device must be on the external portion of a structure served at the service equipment or meter enclosure or the disconnecting means.</p> <p>If an IBT is used it must comply with 1-6.</p> 	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(A) The Intersystem Bonding Termination Device</b></p> <p>An intersystem bonding termination device must be on the external portion of a structure served at the service equipment or meter enclosure <u>or at the disconnecting means for any buildings or structures supplied by a feeder or branch circuit.</u> If an IBT is used it must comply with 1-6.</p> <p><i>Underlined text was added.</i></p>	
	>>	53

58

NEC Article: 250.94(B)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(B) Other Means</b></p> <p>When using a busbar as an intersystem bonding device, connections have to be made by a listed connector.</p> <p>If aluminum busbars are used, the installation must also comply with 250.64(A).</p> 	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(B) Other Means</b></p> <p>When using a <b>busbar as an intersystem bonding device</b>, connections have to be made by a listed connector. If aluminum busbars are used, the installation must also comply with 250.64(A).</p>	
	>>	54

59

NEC Article: 250.94(B)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(B) Other Means</b></p> <p>When using a busbar as an intersystem bonding device, connections have to be made by a listed connector.</p> <p>If aluminum busbars are used, the installation must also comply with 250.64(A).</p> 	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.94 Bonding for Communication Systems</b></p> <p><b>(B) Other Means</b></p> <p><u>The busbar has to be connected to the grounding electrode system by a conductor that is the larger of the following:</u></p> <p><b>(1) Not smaller than the largest grounding electrode conductor that is connected to the busbar</b>  <b>(2) As per article 250.94(A)(4)(a) &gt;&gt; #6 Cu</b></p> <p>Requirements were added to indicate the minimum size of the conductor that connects the busbar to the grounding electrode system.</p>	
	>>	55



60

NEC Article: 250.109	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.109 Metal Enclosures</b></p> <p>Metal enclosures can be used to connect bonding jumpers or equipment grounding conductors, or both, together to become a part of an effective ground-fault current path.</p> <p>When installed, metal covers, <b>plaster rings, extension rings,</b> and metal fittings must be attached to these metal enclosures to ensure an effective ground-fault current path.</p> <p>Plaster rings and extension rings were added terms to metal fittings.</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.109 Metal Enclosures</b></p> <p>Metal enclosures can be used to connect bonding jumpers or equipment grounding conductors, or both, together to become a part of an effective ground-fault current path.</p> <p>When installed, metal covers, <b>plaster rings, extension rings,</b> and metal fittings must be attached to these metal enclosures to ensure an effective ground-fault current path.</p> <p>Plaster rings and extension rings were added terms to metal fittings.</p>	
		
	56	



61

NEC Article: 250.118(A)(5)(f)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.118 Metal Enclosures</b></p> <p>The article was modified by making the exception the rule in a new Part B and adding a requirement that Type SE cable, when it originates in enclosures other than a service, must have the bare, grounded conductor field insulated with a sleeve or tape to avoid accidental contact with grounded surfaces.</p> <p>(5) FMC (f) <b>Stainless steel FMC</b>, if used must have an equipment grounding conductor installed as per 250.102(E)(2). <b>If EGC on outside of FMC, must not exceed 6'</b></p> <p>Changed to match requirements of SS LFMC.</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.118 Metal Enclosures</b></p> <p>(A) Permitted Each equipment grounding conductor run with or enclosing the circuit conductors may be one or more of the following:</p> <p>(5) FMC (f) <b>Stainless steel FMC</b>, if used must have an equipment grounding conductor installed as per 250.102(E)(2). <b>If EGC on outside of FMC, must not exceed 6'</b></p> <p>Changed to match requirements of SS LFMC.</p>	
		
	57	

62

NEC Article: 250.130(C)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.130(C) Equipment Grounding Conductor Connections</b></p> <p>(C) Non-grounding Receptacle Replaceable or Branch Circuit Extensions</p> <p>This article required that if non grounding receptacles were replaced where no EGC was present in the box, six remedial options were offered including GFCI protection being added to protect the branch circuit.</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.130(C) Equipment Grounding Conductor Connections</b></p> <p>(C) Replacement of Non-grounding Receptacle or Snap Switch and Branch Circuit Extensions</p> <p>Language of the article was modified that now makes it necessary that <b>snap switches</b> also be connected to an EGC or grounded by one of the standard six options offered, one of which was GFCI protection for the branch circuit.</p>	
		
	58	

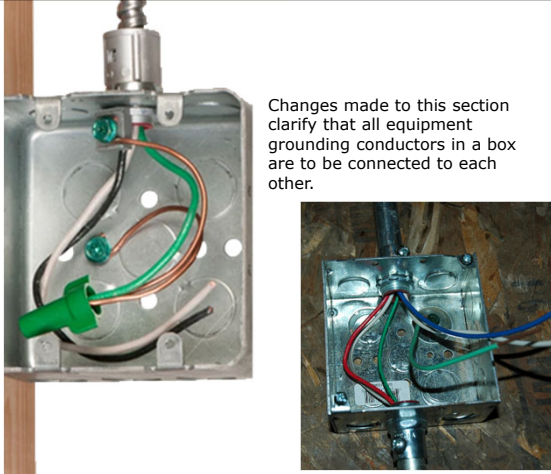
63

NEC Article: 250.140(B)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.140 Frames of Ranges &amp; Clothes Dryers</b></p> <p>The exception (allowed a three-wire branch circuit) and using the grounded conductor as a neutral and as an equipment grounding conductor if one wasn't present at the outlet. These were based on meeting 4 conditions.</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.140 Frames of Ranges &amp; Clothes Dryers</b></p> <p>The article was modified by making the exception the rule in a new Part B and adding a requirement that Type SE cable, when it originates in enclosures other than a service, must have the bare, grounded conductor field insulated with a sleeve or tape to avoid accidental contact with grounded surfaces.</p>	
		
	59	

64

NEC Article: 250.148(A)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.148 Continuity of Equipment Grounding Conductors and Attachment in Boxes</b></p> <p>(A) If circuit conductors are spliced or connected to equipment in a box, all wire type EGC associated with any of those circuits have to be connected within the box or to the box IAW 250.8 &amp; 250.148(A).</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.148 Continuity of Equipment Grounding Conductors and Attachment in Boxes</b></p> <p>(A) Language was modified to eliminate confusion about what EGC's were connected together in a box.</p> <p>The exception still allows EGC associated with IG circuits to not be connected to other EGC in the box.</p>	>>

65



Changes made to this section clarify that all equipment grounding conductors in a box are to be connected to each other.

The isolated ground conductor, by exception, is not required to be connected to the box.

66

NEC Article: 250.148(C)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.148 Continuity of Equipment Grounding Conductors and Attachment in Boxes</b></p> <p>(C) <b>Metal Boxes</b> A connection used for no other reason must be made between the metal box and the equipment grounding conductor(s) as per 250.8 (permitted methods of grounding).</p>	<p><b>Article 250</b></p> <p><b>250.148 Continuity of Equipment Grounding Conductors and Attachment in Boxes</b></p> <p>(C) <b>Metal Boxes</b> A connection used for no other reason shall be made between the metal box and the equipment grounding conductor(s). <u>The equipment bonding jumper or equipment grounding conductor shall be sized from Table 250.122 based on the largest overcurrent device protecting circuit conductors in the box.</u></p> <p>Conductor sizing requirement was added.</p>	



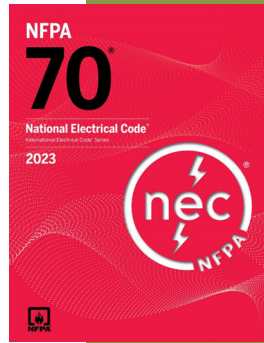
67

# Moving on

## Article 300

### General Requirements for Wiring Methods and Materials

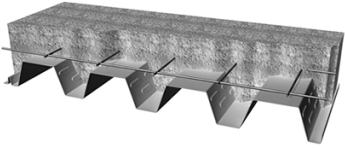
Code Updates



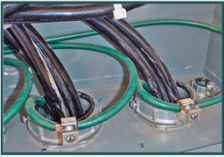
68

NEC Article: 300.2(A)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.2 Limitations</b></p> <p><b>(A) Voltage</b> Wiring methods identified in Chapter 3 is for 1000 volts, nominal, or less where not specifically limited in some section of Chapter 3.</p> <p>They are permitted to be over 1000 volts, nominal, where specifically allowed in the Code.</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.2 Limitations</b></p> <p><b>(A) Voltage</b> Wiring methods identified in Chapter 3 are to be used for 1000 volts ac, <u>1500 V dc</u>, nominal, or less where not specifically limited elsewhere in Chapter 3.</p> <p>These wiring methods can be used for over 1000 V ac, <u>1500 volts dc</u>, nominal, where specifically allowed in the Code</p> <p>The change recognized <b>1500v DC.</b></p>	64

71

NEC Article: 300.4(E) Exception #2	Type of Change: Exception Added	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p>  <p>...to the top of the cable, raceway, or box.</p> <p><b>Ex No. 2</b> Not Present</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.4(E) Protection from Damage, Ex No. 2</b></p> <p>A cable, raceway, or box, installed in exposed or concealed locations <b>under</b> metal-corrugated sheet roof decking, must maintain spacing of 1½" measured from the lowest surface of the roof decking to the top of the cable, raceway, or box.</p> <p><b>Exception No. 2:</b> The 1½" spacing is not required when metal-corrugated sheet roof decking is covered with a 2" concrete slab. <i>(Exception No. 2 was added.)</i></p>	65

70

NEC Article: 300.4(G)	Type of Change: Exception Added	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.4 Protection Against Physical Damage</b></p> <p><b>(G)</b> When a raceway contains #4 AWG and larger, protection for conductor insulation must be provided by any of method 1-4:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1)</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>(4)</li> </ol> 	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.4 Protection Against Physical Damage</b></p> <p><b>(G)</b> When a raceway contains #4 AWG conductors and larger, protection for conductor insulation must be provided by any of method 1-4 <u>before the installation of conductors into the raceway</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) (2) (3) (4)</li> </ol> <p>The change required bushings or protective products to be <b>installed before wiring</b> is placed in the raceway(s).</p>	66

71

NEC Article: Table 300.5(A)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.5 Underground Installations</b></p> <p><b>(A) Minimum Cover Requirements</b></p> <p>Note #6 to Table 300.5(A) – Not present</p> <p>Galvanized steel and stainless steel EMT, elbows, and fittings can be installed in concrete, <b>in direct contact with the earth</b>, or in areas subject to severe corrosive influences <b>if protected by corrosion protection</b> and approved as suitable for the condition.</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.5 Underground Installations</b></p> <p><b>(A) Minimum Cover Requirements</b></p> <p>Note #6 to Table 300.5(A) was added:</p> <p><b>6.</b> Directly buried electrical metallic tubing (EMT) must comply with <b>358.10</b>.</p> <p>Change provided application standard for directly buried type EMT</p>	67

72


NEC Article: 300.5(D)(1)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.5 Underground Installation</b></p> <p><b>(D) Protection from Damage</b></p> <p><b>(1) Emerging from Grade</b> Direct-buried conductors and cables must be protected from damage in accordance with 300.5(D)(1) - (D)(4).</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.5 Underground Installation</b></p> <p><b>(D) Protection from Damage</b></p> <p><b>(1) Emerging from Grade</b> <del>Direct-buried</del> Conductors and cables must be protected from damage in accordance with 300.5(D)(1) through (D)(4).</p> <p>"Direct buried" was removed from the article indicating <b>"all cables"</b> must be protected from physical damage.</p>	
	68	

73

NEC Article: 300.11(C)(2)	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.11(C)(2) Securing &amp; Supporting</b></p> <p>Raceways can only be used to support raceways, cables including Class 2 circuits, or nonelectrical equipment when the raceway contains power conductors for equipment the cables provide control signals for.</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.11(C)(2) Securing &amp; Supporting</b></p> <p>Raceways can only be used to support raceways, cables including Class 2 &amp; <b>Class 3</b> circuits, or nonelectrical equipment when the raceway contains power conductors for equipment the cables provide control signals for.</p> <p>Class 3 Circuits were added to this permissive condition.</p>	
	69	



74

NEC Article: 300.14	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.14 Length of Free Conductors at Outlets, Junctions, and Switch Points</b></p> <p>A clarification was introduced in new language that continues to require 6" of wire into the box from the point of entry, but states that the 6" may be the result of a <b>spliced or unspliced</b> conductor.</p> <p>The revised wording makes clear the interpretation of the code.</p>	
	70	

75

NEC Article: 300.25	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.25 Exit Enclosures (Stair Towers)</b></p> <p>Exit enclosures that are required to be <b>separated from the building</b>, may only contain permitted wiring methods in the exit enclosure.</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.25 Exit Enclosures (Stair Towers)</b></p> <p>Exit enclosures that are required to have a fire resistance rating must have approved wiring methods used in the exit enclosure.</p> <p>An exception was added that allowed lighting on the outside of the exit enclosure doorway may be supplied by <b>wiring in the exit enclosure</b>.</p> <p>Language was modified to explain the intent of the article and address branch circuit routing for egress lighting.</p>	
	71	



76

NEC Article: 300.26	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.26 Remote-Control and Signaling Circuits</b></p> <p>Not Present</p>	<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>300.26 Remote-Control and Signaling Circuits</b></p> <p>(1) Class 1 power-limited remote-control and signaling circuits must comply with 724.3, Other Articles</p> <p>(2) Class 2 and Class 3 power-limited remote-control and signaling circuits must comply with 725.3, Other Articles</p> <p>(3) Non-power-limited remote-control and signaling circuits must be installed IAW 300.2 - 300.25.</p> <p>The change provides additional resources on what is permissible with Class 1, 2, &amp; 3 circuits. This improves usability of the code.</p>	

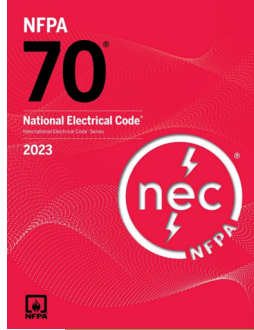
77

## Moving on

# Article 305

General Requirements for Wiring Methods and Materials for Systems Rated Over 1000 V ac, 1500 V dc, Nominal

Code Updates



78

NEC Article: Article 305	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Major
Changes based on new Article 305(Over 100 VAC or 1500 VDC) Articles were relocated as indicated.		
2020 NEC	ARTICLE	2023 NEC
300.1	Scope	305.1
	Other Articles (NEW)	305.3
300.32	Conductors of Different Systems	305.4
300.34	Conductor Bending Radius	305.5
300.35	Protection Against Induction Heating	305.6
300.31	Covers Required	305.7
300.38	Raceways in Wet Locations Above Grade	305.8
300.39	Braid-Covered Insulated Conductors- Exposed Installation	305.9
300.40	Insulation Shielding	305.10
300.42	Moisture or Mechanical Protection for Metal-Sheathed Cables	305.11
300.45	Danger Signs	305.12
300.50	Underground Installations	305.15

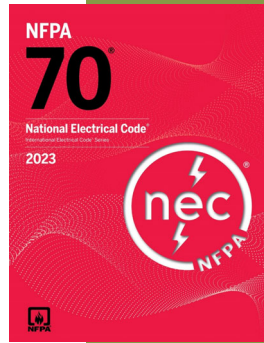
79

## Moving on

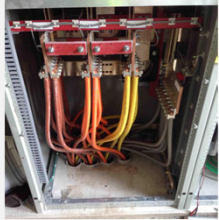
# Article 310

Conductors for General Wiring

Code Updates



80

NEC Article: 310.10(G)(2)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 310</b></p> <p><b>310.10(G) Conductors in Parallel</b></p> <p><b>(2) Conductor and Installation Characteristics</b> Conductors that are paralleled for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each Phase</li> <li>• Polarity</li> <li>• Neutral</li> <li>• Grounded Conductor</li> <li>• Equipment Grounding Conductor</li> </ul> <p>Have to comply with (1)-(5).</p>		<p><b>Article 300</b></p> <p><b>310.10(G) Conductors in Parallel</b></p> <p>These conductors, when paralleled, must comply with rules (1)-(5) of 310.10(G)(2):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Grounded Conductor</li> <li>• Neutral Conductor</li> <li>• Grounding Jumper</li> <li>• <b>SSBJ</b>, EBJ, EGC</li> </ul> <p><b>Supply side bonding jumper</b> was added to those that must comply with (1)-(5) when being paralleled.</p>

81

NEC Article: 310.15(B)(1-2)	Type of Change: Modified Table Names	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 310</b></p> <p><b>310.15(B)(1)-(2) Ambient Temperature Correction Factors...</b></p> <p><b>Table 310.15(B)(1)</b> ...Based on 30°C (86°F)</p> <p><b>Table 310.15(B)(2)</b> ...Based on 40°C (104°F)</p>		<p><b>Article 310</b></p> <p><b>310.15(B)(1)-(2) Ambient Temperature Correction Factors...</b></p> <p><b>Table 310.15(B)(1)</b> was renamed: <b>Table 310.15(B)(1)(1)</b></p> <p><b>Table 310.15(B)(2)</b> was renamed: <b>Table 310.15(B)(1)(2)</b></p> <p>Notes below each of these tables identified which conductor ampacity they were designated to be used with. Helpful to prevent misuse of tables.</p>

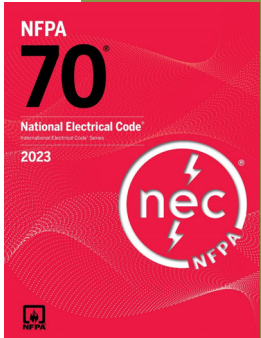
82

## Moving on

### Article 312

#### Cabinets, Cutout Boxes and Meter Socket Enclosures


Code Updates



83

NEC Article: 312.10	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 312</b></p> <p><b>312.10 Material</b></p> <p><i>Material</i> was moved to Article 312.10</p> <p><b>Exception to (3):</b> Screws or other fasteners may extend into the enclosure not more than 7/16" if located within 3/8" of an enclosure wall.</p>		<p><b>Article 312</b></p> <p><b>312.10 Screw &amp; Fasteners</b></p> <p>Screws and fasteners that we install and that enter areas where wiring is placed must be provided by or at least specified by the manufacturer and must comply with:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Screw must be a machine screw with a blunt end</li> <li>(2) Any other fasteners used must have a blunt end</li> <li>(3) Screws and fasteners can't extend into the enclosure more than 1/4" unless the end is protected.</li> </ol>

84

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
312.102	New Article	Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 312</b></p> <p>312.102</p> <p>Not present</p> 	<p><b>Article 312</b></p> <p><b>312.102 Doors and Covers</b></p> <p>The following enclosures must have covers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cabinets</li> <li>• Cutout boxes</li> <li>• Meter socket enclosures</li> </ul> <p><i>Reason for Article:</i> The covers for these enclosures are highly specialized and therefore should be created by the equipment manufacturers involved and included in the product acceptance evaluation.</p>	

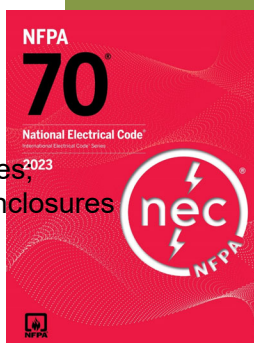
85

# Moving on

## Article 314

### Outlet, Device, Pull and Junction Boxes, Conduit Bodies, Fittings; Handhole Enclosures

Code Updates




86

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.5	New Article	Major
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.5 Screws &amp; Other Fasteners</b></p> <p>Not present</p> <p>Note: This article mirrors <b>Article 312.10</b> for screw requirements.</p>	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.5 Screws &amp; Other Fasteners</b></p> <p>Screws and fasteners that we install and that enter areas where wiring is placed must be provided by or at least specified by the manufacturer and must comply with:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Screw must be a machine screw with a blunt end</li> <li>(2) Any other fasteners used must have a blunt end</li> <li>(3) Screws and fasteners can't extend into the enclosure more than 1/4" unless the end is protected.</li> </ol> <p><i>Exception to (3):</i> Screws or other fasteners may extend into the enclosure not more than 7/16" if located within 3/8" of an enclosure wall.</p>	

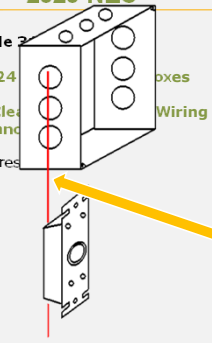
87

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.5	New Article	Major
2023 NEC		
	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.5 Screws &amp; Other Fasteners (cont.)</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(5) Screws or other fasteners penetrating a wall of a box exceeding 100<sup>3</sup>" may extend no more than 1/4" or more than 7/16" if located within 3/8" of an adjacent box wall.</li> <li>(6) Screws or fasteners penetrating the wall of a box not exceeding 100<sup>3</sup>" and not covered in 314.23(B)(1) must be made flush with the box interior.</li> <li>(7) Screws or fasteners penetrating the wall of a conduit body must be made flush with the conduit body interior.</li> </ol> <p><i>Exception to (3)-(6):</i> A screw can be longer if the end of the screw is protected with an approved mean. (Guards)</p>	

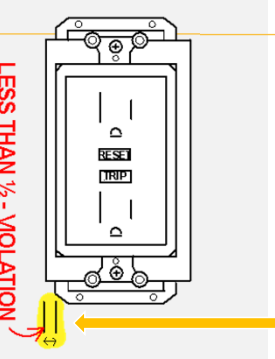
88

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.16(B)(6)	Article Addition	Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>		
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p>314.16(B)(6) Terminal Block Fill</p> 	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.16(B)(6) Terminal Block Fill</b></p> <p>If a terminal block is in a box, a <b>single volume allowance</b> IAW Table 314.16(B)(1) must be made for each terminal block based on the largest conductor(s) connected to the terminal block.</p> <p>The change recognizes the additional space used by terminal blocks installed in wiring enclosures and assists us in determining the correct size of enclosure. To accommodate wiring safely.</p>	84


89

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.24(C)	Article Addition	Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>		
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p>314.24(C) Clearances for Side-Wiring Entrances</p> 	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.24 Dimensions of Boxes</b></p> <p><b>(C) Clearances for Side-Wiring Entrances</b></p> <p>Devices or equipment that are mounted in boxes that have access from the sides, the conductors coming through opening in the sides have to be protected as per (1) or (2). Entering from the side must be protected as covered in (1) or (2): (<b>Side</b> means any wall of a box other than the one opposite to the front.) &gt;&gt;</p> <p>(1) The displacement of the device may not extend beyond the centerline of the wiring knockout. &gt;&gt;</p>	85

90

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.24(C)	Article Addition	Major
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.24 Dimensions of Boxes</b></p> <p><b>(C) Clearances for Side-Wiring Entrances</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.24 Dimensions of Boxes</b></p> <p><b>(C) Clearances for Side-Wiring Entrances</b></p> <p>Devices or equipment that are mounted in boxes that have access from the sides, the conductors coming through opening in the sides have to be protected as per (1) or (2). Entering from the side must be protected as covered in (1) or (2): (<b>Side</b> means any wall of a box other than the one opposite to the front.) &gt;&gt;</p> <p>(1) The displacement of the device may not extend beyond the centerline of the wiring knockout. &gt;&gt;</p> <p>(2) The distance from the box wall to the device once it is installed in the box can not be less than 1/2".</p>	85

91

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314.27(E)	Modified Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.27(E) Separable Attachment Fittings</b></p> <p>The combination must be identified for the support of equipment based on the weight and mounting limits of the listing.</p> <p>Box fill for this device may be calculated as per Article 314.16(B)(4) and associated table.</p> 	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p><b>314.27(E) Weight-Supporting Ceiling Receptacles (WSCR) and Weight-Supporting Attachment Fittings (WSAF)</b></p> <p>Listed WSCR used in combination with compatible WSAF can be installed in outlet boxes to support of ceiling-suspended (paddle) fans, in accordance with 314.27(C) (maximum weight allowed by its listing).</p> <p>The text was revised for clarity.</p>	86

92

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
314 Part IV	Part Revision	Minor

2020 NEC	2023 NEC																		
<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p>Part IV: Pull and Junction Boxes, Conduit Bodies, and Handhole Enclosures for Use on Systems <b>over 1000 V, Nominal</b></p> <p>What was Part IV replaced Part III.</p>	<p><b>Article 314</b></p> <p>Part III: Construction Specifications</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>2022</th> <th>Article 314 – Part IV</th> <th>2023</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>314.40</td> <td>Metal Boxes, Conduit Bodies, &amp; Fittings</td> <td>314.100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>314.41</td> <td>Covers</td> <td>314.101</td> </tr> <tr> <td>314.42</td> <td>Bushings</td> <td>314.102</td> </tr> <tr> <td>314.43</td> <td>Nonmetallic Boxes</td> <td>314.103</td> </tr> <tr> <td>314.44</td> <td>Marking</td> <td>314.104</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	2022	Article 314 – Part IV	2023	314.40	Metal Boxes, Conduit Bodies, & Fittings	314.100	314.41	Covers	314.101	314.42	Bushings	314.102	314.43	Nonmetallic Boxes	314.103	314.44	Marking	314.104
2022	Article 314 – Part IV	2023																	
314.40	Metal Boxes, Conduit Bodies, & Fittings	314.100																	
314.41	Covers	314.101																	
314.42	Bushings	314.102																	
314.43	Nonmetallic Boxes	314.103																	
314.44	Marking	314.104																	

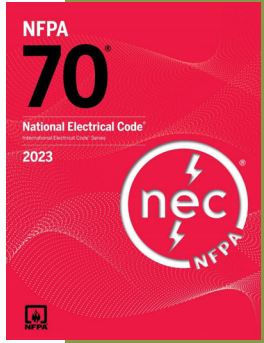
93

# Moving on

## Article 315

### Medium Voltage Conductors, Cable, Cable Joints, and Cable Terminations

Code Updates



94

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 315	New Article 315	Minor

Tables were renumbered from **Article 311**, which was removed.

Article 311	Article 315
Medium Voltage Conductors and Cable	Medium Voltage Conductors, Cable, Cable Joints, and Cable Terminations

>>

95

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 315	New Article	Minor

Tables were renumbered from **Article 311**, which was removed.

2020 NEC	TABLE	2023 NEC
311.10(A)	Conductor Application & Insulation Rated 2001 & Higher	315.10(A)
311.10(B)	Thickness of Insul. For Jacket for Non-Sh. Solid Dielectric Insulated Conduc. Rated 2001 Volts to 5kV	315.10(B)
311.10(C)	Thickness of Insul. for Shielded Solid Dielectric Insulated Conduc. Rated 2001 Volts to 35 kV	315.10(C)
311.12(A)	Minimum Size of Conductors	315.12(A)
311.60(C)(67)	Ampacities of Insulated Single Copper Cond. Cables Triplex in Air	315.60(C)(1)
311.60(C)(68)	Ampacities of Insulated Single Aluminum Conductor Cables Triplexed in Air	315.60(C)(2)
311.60(C)(69)	Ampacities of Insulated Single Copper Conductor Isolated in Air	315.60(C)(3)
311.60(C)(70)	Ampacities of Insulated Single Aluminum Conductor Isolated in Air	315.60(C)(4)
311.60(C)(71)	Ampacities of an Insulated Three-Conductor Copper Cable Isolated in Air	315.60(C)(5)

The number of Tables associated with over 1000 volts extends beyond these listed. See **Article 311** for 15 additional tables relating to medium voltage and other information.

96

# Moving on


## Articles 320 - 398

Code Updates



91

97

NEC Article: 320.23(A)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 320 Armored Cable</b></p> <p><b>320.23 In Accessible Attics</b></p> <p>(A) Where run across the top of floor joists, or within 7 ft of the floor or floor joists across the face of rafters or studding, the cable has to be protected by guard strips that are equal to or greater in height than the cable.</p> 	<p><b>Article 320 Armored Cable</b></p> <p><b>320.23 In Accessible Attics</b></p> <p>(A) Where installed crosswise over the top of framing members, or crosswise over the face of rafters or studding within 7 ft of the floor or horizontal surface, the cable has to be protected by guard strips that are equal to or greater than the height of the cable.</p> <p>The text was revised for clarity to ensure foot traffic in accessible attics would not damage cables capable of being stepped on.</p>	


92

98

NEC Article: 322.56(B)	Type of Change: Article Revision	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 322 Flat Cable Assemblies: Type FC</b></p> <p><b>322.56 Splices and Taps</b></p> <p>(B) When making taps of flat cable assemblies, the installer must follow the requirements of 322.120 when color coding conductors.</p>	<p><b>Article 322 Flat Cable Assemblies: Type FC</b></p> <p><b>322.56 Splices and Taps</b></p> <p>(B) When making taps of flat cable assemblies, the installer must follow the requirements of 322.120 when <del>color coding</del> <b>marking</b> conductors.</p> <p>The change was minor but matched language found in 320.120 for uniformity.</p>	


93

99

NEC Article: 330.112(A)	Type of Change: Article Modification	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 330 Metal-Clad Cable: Type MC</b></p> <p><b>330.112(A) Insulation (MC Cable)</b></p> <p>(A) <b>1000 Volts or Less</b> Insulated conductors of sizes 18 and 16 AWG must be listed in Table 402.3, with a maximum temperature not less than 90°C and as allowed by 725.49.</p> 	<p><b>Article 330 Metal-Clad Cable: Type MC</b></p> <p><b>330.112(A) Insulation (MC Cable)</b></p> <p>(A) <b>1000 Volts or Less</b> Insulated <b>control and signal</b> conductors of sizes 18 and 16 AWG must be listed in Table 402.3, with a maximum temperature not less than 90°C and as allowed by 724.49.</p> <p><b>Ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors</b> 16 AWG and larger should be of a type listed in Table 310.4(1) or identified for use in Type MC cable.</p> <p>Small editorial change by CMP.</p>	

94

100

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
334.10(2)	Article Modification	Major
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 334 Nonmetallic-Sheathed Cable: Types NM and NMC</b></p> <p><b>334.10 NM &amp; NMC Cables Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>Type NM and Type NMC cables can not be installed in detached multi-dwelling unit garages.</p> 	<p><b>Article 334 Nonmetallic-Sheathed Cable: Types NM and NMC</b></p> <p><b>334.10 NM &amp; NMC Cables Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>Type NM and Type NMC cables can be used in the following location:</p> <p>(2) Multi-family dwellings <b>and their detached garages</b> is permitted to be of Types III, IV, and V construction.</p> <p>The CMP considered PI (public Input) that suggested the relative safety of exposed NM cable in detached multi-unit dwellings. It was permitted.</p>	95

101

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 335	New Article	Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 337 Instrumentation Tray Cable: Type ITC</b></p> <p><b>Article 335 Instrumentation Tray Cable</b></p> <p>Not present</p>	<p><b>Article 337 Instrumentation Tray Cable: Type ITC</b></p> <p><b>Article 335 Instrumentation Tray Cable</b></p> <p>The Article is new in this location, but its content is not. It was previously located in <b>Article 727</b>.</p>	96


102

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
340.10(4)	Article Modification	Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 340 Underground Feeder and Branch-Circuit Cable: Type UF</b></p> <p><b>340.10 Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>(4) Installed as nonmetallic-sheathed cable.</p> <p>The installation and conductor requirements has to comply with Parts II and III of Article 334 and must be of the multiconductor type cable.</p>	<p><b>Article 340 Underground Feeder and Branch-Circuit Cable: Type UF</b></p> <p><b>340.10 Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>(4) When installed as nonmetallic-sheathed cable, the installation and conductor requirements must comply with Parts II &amp; III of Article 334, <b>except for 334.12(B)</b>, and must be of the multiconductor type.</p> <p>334.12(B) Lists the conditions when type NM cable IS NOT installed, Which ARE suitable for Type UF</p>	97

103

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
342.20(B)	Article Modification	Minor
2020 NEC	2023 NEC	
<p><b>Article 342 Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC)</b></p> <p><b>342.20 Size</b></p> <p>(B) Maximum IMC larger than 4" can not be used.</p> 	<p><b>Article 342 Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC)</b></p> <p><b>342.20 Size</b></p> <p>(B) Maximum The panel accepted changes to include trade sizes 5" and 6" IMC to Article 342 to be consistent with the rigid metal conduit Article 344.</p>	98


104

NEC Article: 344.28	Type of Change: Revised Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 344 Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC)</b></p> <p><b>344.28 Reaming and Threading</b></p> <p>No reference made to PVC coated RMC.</p> 	<p><b>Article 344 Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC)</b></p> <p><b>344.28 Reaming and Threading</b></p> <p>PVC Coated Rigid Metal conduit must be threaded as per the manufacturers' instructions. This will prevent damage to the exterior coating.</p> <p>This statement was added to ensure installers are aware of the manufacturers' instructions.</p>	
	99	

105

NEC Article: 348.2	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 348 Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC)</b></p> <p><b>348.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> <p>Not to be reconditioned.</p> 	<p><b>Article 348 Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC)</b></p> <p><b>348.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> <p>FMC must not be reconditioned.</p>	
	100	


106

NEC Article: 350.2	Type of Change: New Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 350 Liquidtight Flexible Metal Conduit (LFMC)</b></p> <p><b>350.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> <p>Not to be reconditioned.</p> 	<p><b>Article 350 Liquidtight Flexible Metal Conduit (LFMC)</b></p> <p><b>350.2 Reconditioned Equipment</b></p> <p>LFMC must not be reconditioned.</p>	
	101	

107

NEC Article: 352.10(K)	Type of Change: Modified Article	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 352 Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit (PVC)</b></p> <p><b>352.10 Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>(K) Physical Damage</p> <p>If the raceway is subject to physical damage, Schedule 80 PVC conduit, Schedule 80 PVC conduit elbows, and listed fittings for PVC conduit must be used.</p> <p>IN: All listed PVC conduit fittings are suitable for connection to both Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PVC conduit.</p> <p>This new section makes it clear that Schedule 80 PVC Conduit and Schedule 80 PVC Conduit elbows are acceptable for areas of Physical Damage</p> 	<p><b>Article 352 Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit (PVC)</b></p> <p><b>352.10 Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>(K) Physical Damage</p> <p>If the raceway is subject to physical damage, Schedule 80 PVC conduit, Schedule 80 PVC conduit elbows, and listed fittings for PVC conduit must be used.</p> <p>IN: All listed PVC conduit fittings are suitable for connection to both Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PVC conduit.</p>	
	102	

108

NEC Article: 352.44(B)	Type of Change: Article Added To	Importance: Major
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
 <p><b>Article 352 Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit (PVC)</b>  <b>352.44 Expansion Fittings</b>  <b>(B) Earth Movement</b>                      Not present</p>	<p><b>Article 352 Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit (PVC)</b>  <b>352.44 Expansion Fittings</b>  <b>(B) Earth Movement</b></p> <p>When PVC conduit is installed that emerges from the earth, it must be provided with expansion fittings that will compensate settlement of the earth as well as frost heaves.</p> <p>352.44(B) was revised to address earth movement, including frost heave, and the installation of expansion fittings.</p>	103


109

NEC Article: 356.10(8)	Type of Change: Article Modification	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 356 Liquidtight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit (LFNC)</b>  <b>356.10 Use Permitted</b></p> <p>LFNC can be used in exposed or concealed locations for the following purposes:</p> <p><b>(8)</b> Conductors or cables rated at a temperature higher than the listed temperature rating of LFNC conduit can be installed in LFNC, provided the conductors or cables are not operated at a temperature higher than the listed temperature rating of the LFNC.</p> 	<p><b>Article 356 Liquidtight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit (LFNC)</b>  <b>356.10 Use Permitted</b></p> <p><b>(8)</b> LFNC is permitted in locations that have severe corrosive conditions addressed in Article 300.6</p> <p>This additional attribute took the place of former <b>(8)</b> now known as <b>(9)</b>.</p>	104

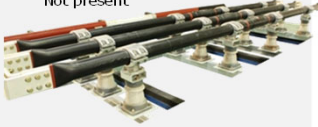
110

NEC Article: 358.20	Type of Change: Article Modification	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 358 Electrical Metallic Tubing: Type EMT</b>  <b>358.20 Size</b>  <b>(B) Maximum</b>                      Type EMT may not be larger than <b>4"</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 358 Electrical Metallic Tubing: Type EMT</b>  <b>358.20 Size</b>  <b>(B) Maximum</b>                      Type EMT may not be larger than <b>6"</b></p> <p>358.20(B) was revised to address the availability of 5" and 6" EMT and listing.</p>	105

111

NEC Article: 366.10(C) Exc	Type of Change: Article Modified	Importance: Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
	<p><b>Article 366 Auxiliary Gutters</b>  <b>366.10 Uses Permitted</b>  <b>(C) Extended Distance Auxiliary</b></p> <p>Auxiliary gutters can extend no more than 30 feet beyond the equipment they support.</p> <p>Exception: When used IAW Article 620.35 for elevators, they can extend more than 30'.</p> <p>This was previously listed in 366.12(2) "Uses Not Permitted" (extending more than 30') in the 2020.</p>	106

112

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 369	New Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 369 Insulated Bus Pipe (IBP)/ Tubular Covered Conductors (TCC) Systems</b></p> <p>Not present</p> 	<p><b>Article 369 Insulated Bus Pipe (IBP)/ Tubular Covered Conductors (TCC) Systems</b></p> <p>A cylindrical solid or hollow conductor with a solid insulation system, having conductive grading layers and a grounding layer imbedded in the insulation, and provided with an overall covering of insulating or metallic material.</p> <p>Outdoor, air insulated electrical substations use exposed bus bars and cables to connect from transformers and bus ties to switchgear equipment. A length of chain thrown over an air insulated sub-station fence could create a catastrophic failure that could destroy the entire substation. Replacing the exposed bus bars and cables with a product called insulated bus pipe (IBP) would prevent such failures.</p>	
107		

113

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:	
Article 369	New Article	Minor	
<b>Article 369 Insulated Bus Pipe (IBP)/Tubular Covered Conductors (TCC) Systems</b>			
Article	Subject	Article	Subject
369.1	Scope	369.20	Termination of Connections
369.2	Reconditioned Equipment	369.80	Ampacity
369.6	Listing Requirements	369.90	Temperature Rating
369.10	Uses Permitted	369.100	Construction
369.12	Uses Not Permitted	369.110	Barriers
369.14	Installation	369.120	Marking
108			

114

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
371.30	New Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<p><b>Article 371 Flexible Bus System</b></p> 	<p><b>Article 371 Flexible Bus System</b></p> <p><b>371.30 Securing and Supporting</b></p> <p>A flexible bus system is an assembly of flexible insulated bus, with a system of associated fittings used to secure, support, and terminate the bus.</p> <p>When a need exists to couple a stationary bus system to another, a flexible bus system provides that degree of versatility, safety, and reliability.</p> <p>This new article covers a great deal of information.</p> <p><b>Article 371.1 through 371.120.</b></p>	
109		

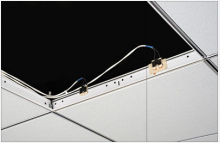
115

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:	
Article 371	New Article	Minor	
<b>Article 371 Flexible Bus Systems</b>			
Article	Subject	Article	Subject
371.1	Scope	371.18	Flexible Bus Systems Installation
371.6	Listing Requirements	371.20	Terminations
371.10	Uses Permitted	371.30	Securing and Supporting
371.12	Uses Not Permitted	371.40	Short Circuit Current Rating
371.14	Installation Design	371.60	Grounding
371.17	Overcurrent Protection	371.120	Marking
110			

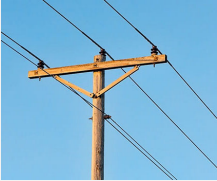
116

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
392.10(A)	Table Modified	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 392 Cable Trays</b></p> <p><b>Table 392.10(A) Wiring Methods Cable Trays Uses Permitted</b></p> <p>Cables for power-limited circuits and fault-managed power circuits were not previously recognized as permitted to be installed in cable trays.</p>	<p><b>Article 392 Cable Trays</b></p> <p><b>Table 392.10(A) Wiring Methods Cable Trays Uses Permitted</b></p> <p><b>10(A)</b> The wiring methods identified in Table 392.10(A) can be installed in cable tray systems under the conditions described in their respective articles and sections.</p> <p><b>Article 722.3(E)</b> Article 722.3(E) permits the installation of cables for power-limited circuits and fault-managed power circuits in cable trays that maintain compliance with part 1 and part 2 of Article 392.</p>	CHANGE
		111


117

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
393.6(B)(4)	Article Modified	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
<p><b>Article 393 Low-Voltage Suspended Ceiling Power Distribution Systems</b></p> <p><b>393.6(B) Assembly of Listed Parts</b></p> <p>(4) Listed low-voltage cables in accordance with 725.179, conductors in raceways, or other fixed wiring methods for the secondary circuit.</p>	<p><b>Article 393 Low-Voltage Suspended Ceiling Power Distribution Systems</b></p> <p><b>393.6(B) Assembly of Listed Parts</b></p> <p>A low-voltage suspended ceiling power distribution system assembled from the following parts, listed according to the appropriate function, can be used:</p> <p>(4) Listed low-voltage cables in accordance with <del>725.179</del>, <b>722.179</b>, conductors in raceways, or other fixed wiring methods for the secondary circuit</p> <p><b>722.179</b> was substituted because it reflects new classification of LV circuits.</p>	CHANGE
		112

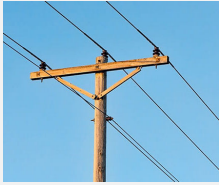
118

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 395	New Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>		<b>2023 NEC</b>
	<p><b>Article 395 Outdoor Overhead Conductors over 1000 V</b></p> <p><b>395.1 Scope</b> The article includes the use and installation for outdoor overhead conductors over 1000 volts, nominal.</p> <p><b>395.10 Uses Permitted</b> Outdoor overhead conductors over 1000 volts, nominal, are permitted as follows: (1) Outdoors in free air (2) For service conductors, feeders, or branch circuits</p>	>>
		113


119

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 395	New Article	Minor
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
	<p><b>Article 395 Outdoor Overhead Conductors over 1000 V</b></p> <p><b>395.30 Support</b></p> <p><b>(A) Conductors</b> Documentation of the engineered design by a licensed professional electrical engineer must be available upon request of the AHJ and must include consideration of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Applied voltage</li> <li>(2) Conductor size</li> <li>(3) Distance between support structures</li> <li>(4) Wind/ice loading</li> <li>(5) Type of structure</li> <li>(6) Surges</li> </ol>	>>
		114

120

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 395	New Article	5
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
	<b>Article 395 Outdoor Overhead Conductors over 1000 V</b> <b>395.30 Support</b> <b>(B) Structures</b> Structures of wood, metal, or concrete, or combinations of those materials, must be provided for support of overhead conductors over 1000 volts, nominal.  Documentation of the engineered design by a licensed professional engineer engaged primarily in the design of such systems and the installation of each support structure must be available upon request of the authority having jurisdiction and must include consideration of the following: <i>See list of ten criteria for judgement.</i>	
	>>	
		115

121

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
Article 395	New Article	Minor
<b>2023 NEC</b>		
	<b>Article 395 Outdoor Overhead Conductors over 1000 V</b> <b>395.30 Support</b> <b>(C) Insulators</b> Insulators used to support conductors must be rated for all of the following: (1) Applied phase-to-phase voltage (2) Mechanical strength required for each individual installation (3) Impulse withstand BIL in accordance with Table 490.24(a)	


122

NEC Article:	Type of Change:	Importance:
398.15(C)(4)	Relocated Article	Minor
<b>2020 NEC</b>	<b>2023 NEC</b>	
<b>Article 398 Open Wiring on Insulators</b> <b>398.15(C) Exposed to Physical Damage</b>  Conductors that are within 7 ft of the floor are considered exposed to physical damage.  These conductors must be protected from damage by one of the four methods listed.  <b>(4)</b> Rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, rigid nonmetallic conduit, or electrical metallic tubing.		<b>Article 398 Open Wiring on Insulators</b> <b>398.15(C) Exposed to Physical Damage</b>  Conductors that are within 7 ft of the floor are considered exposed to physical damage.  These conductors must be protected from damage by one of the four methods listed.  <b>(4)</b> Rigid metal conduit (RMC), intermediate metal conduit (IMC), rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit (PVC), reinforced thermosetting resin conduit (RTRC), or electrical metallic tubing (EMT). <b>RTRC was added to this group.</b>
		117

123

This completes 2023 NEC Code Updates - Part 2 Lesson 7

# Thank You for Learning With Us!



612-827-6117 www.electricalassociation.com

124